

Finding a model for success with low temperature geothermal

Lessons from Denmark

Summary

- Denmark - Summary of activity
- Future vision for Geothermal in Copenhagen
- Cost and risk mitigation
- Technology

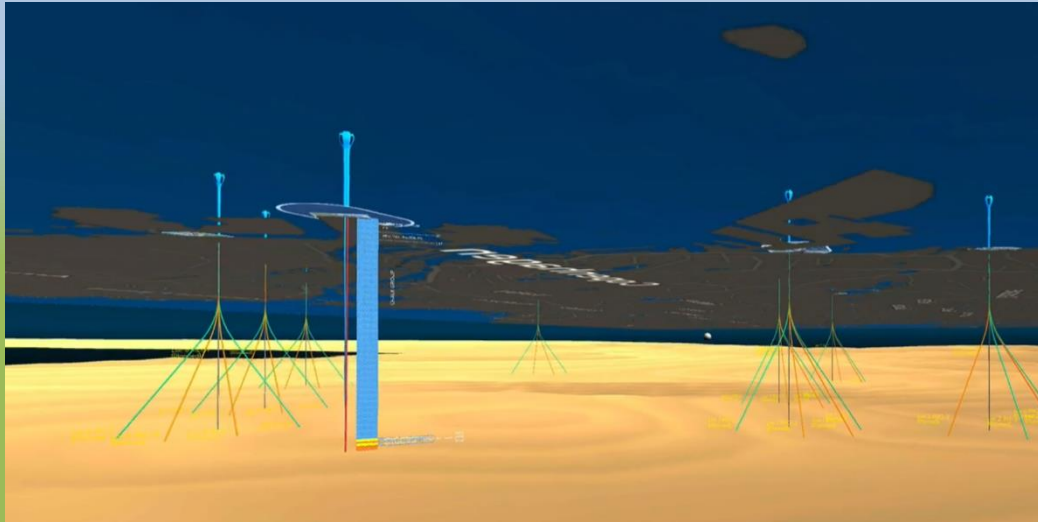
What is happening in Denmark today?

- 3 working facilities
 - Thisted (1984) 7MW_{heat} Gassum Formation 43°C @ 1250m
 - Amager (2003) $14\text{MW}_{\text{heat}}$ Bunter Formation 74°C @ 2600m
 - Sønderborg (2012) $12\text{MW}_{\text{heat}}$ Gassum Formation 48°C @ 1200m
- Essential to success of low temperature geothermal is heating network
- Wide spread network (63% connectivity) mostly in urban areas
- EUDP funding to:
 - Cost and scope drilling a chalk storage well
 - New Geothermal well
- To make geothermal part of Denmark's energy future a much bigger vision is needed.

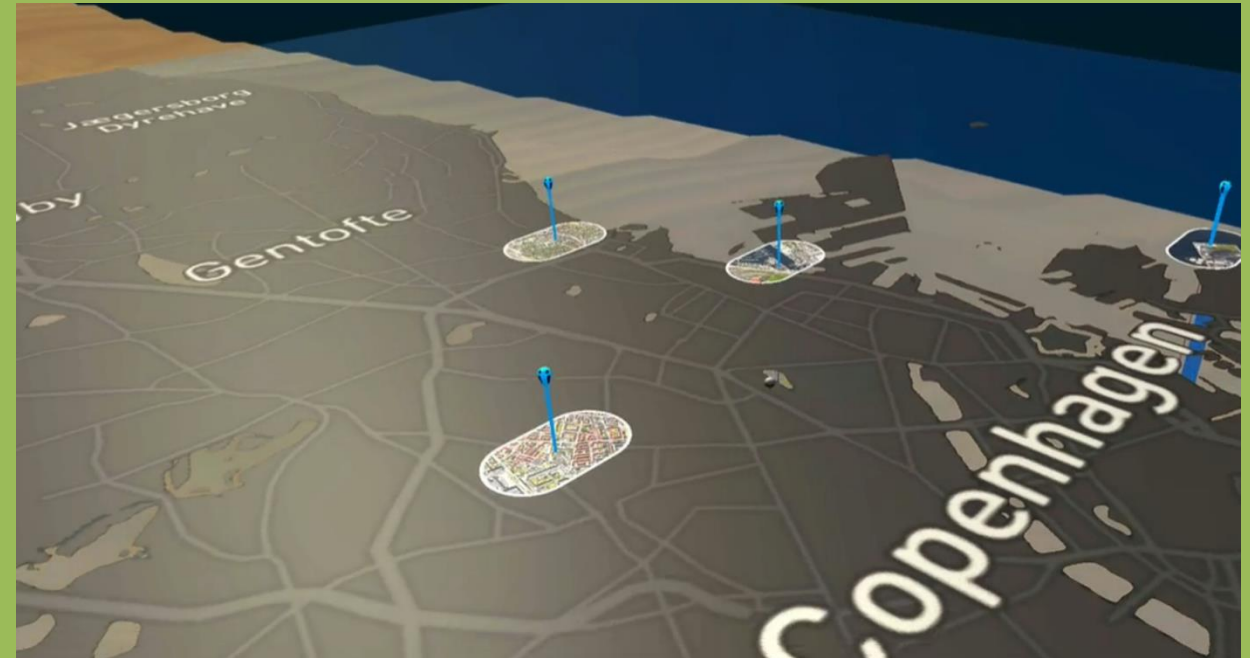


26/10/2016

Forward Plan



- 8 new geothermal plants in the city
- Each plant will output 10-15 MW of heat and will consist of a vertical pilot well, 2 directional injector wells and 2 directional producers
- All wells target the Gassum Formation sandstones



Stills are taken from a video clip created using *GeologiQ*™

Is this justified?

ASSET VALUE

- Asset value. Total heat in place in Denmark recently estimated at 73 Billion Gj. This is 1.76 Billion BOE (*1)

DEMAND

- Aim is to deliver 30% Geothermal heat to the network. Over 30 years that equates to £12 billion in revenue(*2)

Despite this, investment remains shy as decisions are based on expensive prototype projects.

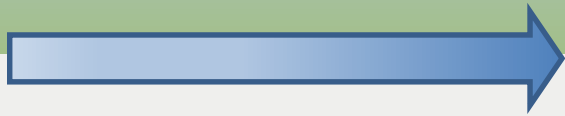
Methods for reducing costs and mitigating risks is a lesson that can be drawn from the oil industry.

*1 Frederikshavn, Halder, Gassum & Bunter Formations. Recovery factor is 0.33. 5 GJ per m2 assumption. New 3D heat model still under construction. Recovery is only 2% of total energy in place. 30 year model.

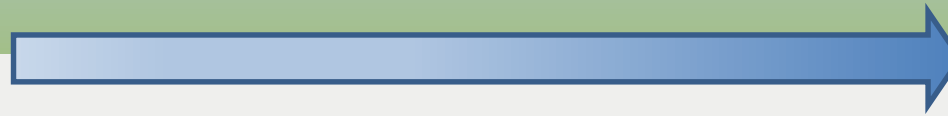
*2 Number equates to a total of capacity 1,091 MW run year round. Operated for 30 years with 2015 average heat price (355 DK or £42/MWh). Exchange rates from 19/10/16

HOW TO REDUCE COSTS AND RISKS – LESSONS FROM THE OIL SECTOR

1900



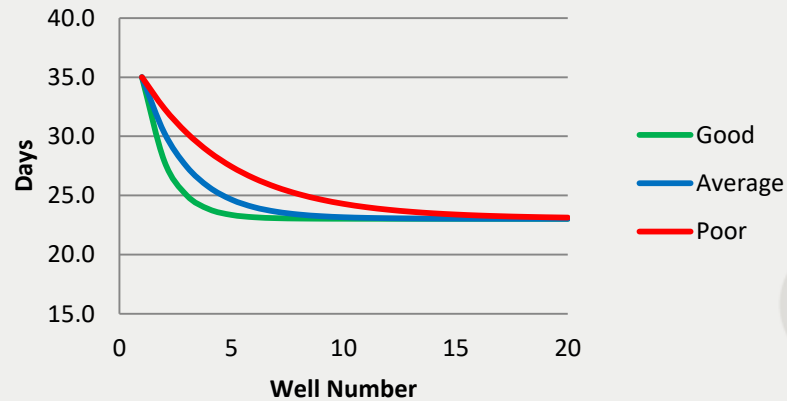
1986



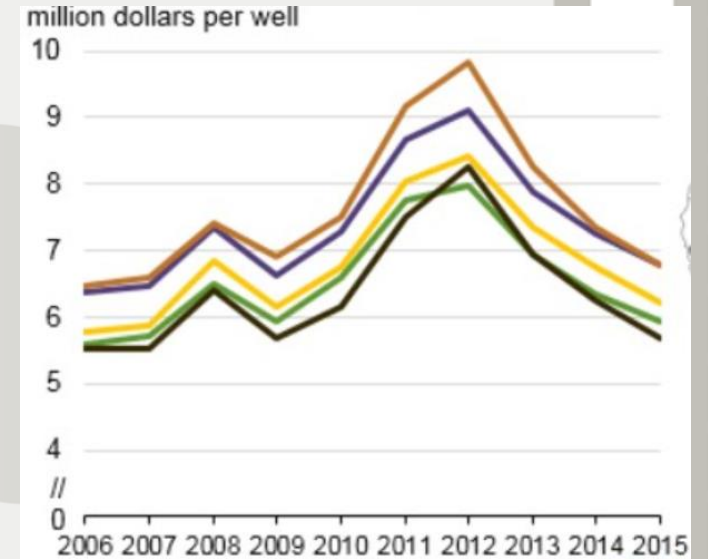
TODAY



In the early days, the oil industry drilled expensive prototype wells with no knowledge sharing.



Brett and Millheim (1986) savings were up to 34% from first well costs.



Today in US Drill cost savings are up to 52% (US Energy Information Administration 2016)

- By upscaling geothermal operations and applying a 'whole cycle' manufacturing approach to project planning and execution, well costs reductions of up to 52% are achieved
- Optimised data acquisition to allow reservoir engineering to derisk the reservoir model

To harness these efficiencies, heating companies need a geothermal operating company, a professional partner with a vested interest delivering necessary savings to a project.

Network Temperature

- Heating network temperature has a significant impact on the economics of geothermal
- Danish network is generally run at or close to 80/55 (due to requirements of older housing stock)
- Geothermal heat production from Gassum typically +/- 70°C so heat pumps necessary in plant so increasing costs
- **A new build system today supplying buildings of modern construction could use a 'low temperature' network**
- This would make the economics of geothermal, and other renewable technologies very competitive.



Biomass plant (woodchip) Copenhagen



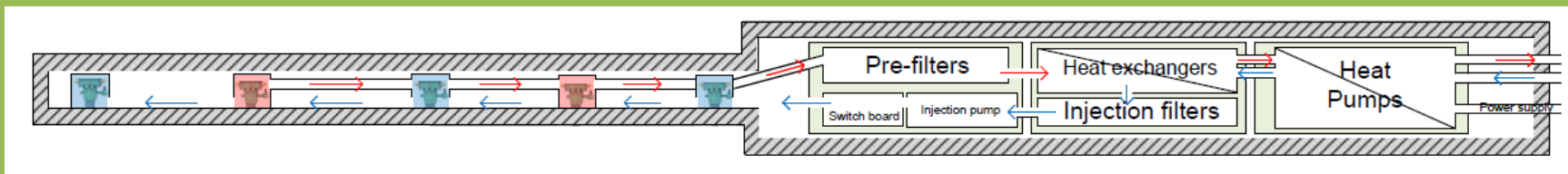
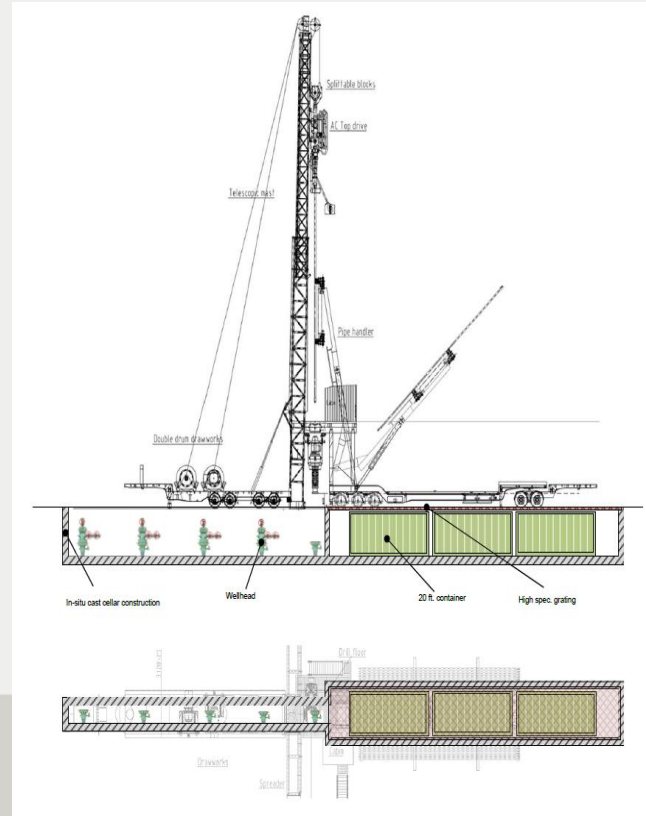
Geothermal Technology Centre



Tonder Geothermal test centre

Partnerships include:

- HUISMAN for rig technologies (urban drilling), composite casing and liner, casing while drilling.
- FORCE for corrosion management
- German oil tools for well head system. Make it simpler, lighter and cheaper. (Currently combines wellhead, casing hanger and xmas tree)
- GEOOP for reverse circulating cement to protect aquifers.
- Danfoss for modular container units.



Summary

Extremely valuable low temperature geothermal assets in Denmark

Upscaled and industrialized geothermal operations will provide:

- Suitably large heat outputs for the demand that exists in Denmark today
- Drilling cost reductions of up to 52%.
- Mitigation of uncertainty in the drilling process
- Mitigation of uncertainty in establishing connectivity between wells
- Better informed investment decisions - an end to expensive prototype projects and an understanding of the real cost of geothermal heat

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